DEPARTMENTSTORES 810-812-814-79 Street = 715-Market Space # for new spring suits

high as \$25.00.

We want to impress upon you the importance of this offering, which is a most extraordinary one. At the beginning of no previous season has it been OUR privilege or the privilege of others to be able to offer you suits of such high grade at a price which bears no relation to the actual worth price.

Every garment in the purchase is a "sample"-hence made with extraordinary care.

There are handsome broadcloths, serges, Venetians, cheviots and novelty fabrics in tans, easter and grays, as well as black and pin-stripe effects.

The styles are Etons, blouse, fly-front and coat effects—with flounce skirts and some with trimmed drop skirts. Many of these suits are trimmed with white and black moire silk and broadcloth-vest effects, and in the lot there are the newest ideas in walking And choice of them for \$9.98 instead of \$15 to \$25

\$5 Spring Jackets,

Fresh from a leading maker's work rooms comes to us a lot of Tan Covert Cloth Spring Jackets, lined throughout and a lot of Black Eton Jackets with satin reveres. Though \$5 values, we shall sell them at \$3.98. Walking Skirts,

and Dark Gray Walking Skirts, embracing the new serpentine effects-with heavy

2 Very Special Waist Bargains. One lot of Colored Chambray Waists, made with four straps back and front, finished with white cords, 25 dozen Ladies' Percale Waists, in handsome stripes, figures and dotted patterns—made full with soft collars, and in a splendid assortment of colors. Cheap at 39c. Special in the new green, ox-blood, gray, blue, etc. Sold elsewhere at 87c. Special

87c. for \$1.25 Sateen Skirts.

Special Bargains in Child's Dept. One lot of Infants' Long Bedford Cord Coats, in 4 different styles; one made with double rufile; cape finished with silk braid and ribbon, another single cape, bands of silk ribbon and braid; ribbon strings. Coats bought to sell at \$2.00 with wide embroidery; wide hems at bottom; regular 50c. dress. Special.......29c.

75c. Corsets, 43c. Straight front, short hip and long hip: corset; in gray and white; made of coutil and batiste; lace trimmed. Regular 75c. value, for 43c.

Domestic Bargains. 25 pleces of Dressmakers' 4 2c. One case of Absorbent Tea Toweling, 18 inches wide; Sc. quality-4/2C.

15c. to 18c. Ribbons, 10c. yd.

Plain Taffeta Ribbons, in all shades, including black and white, 3½ inches wide; also fancy effects in most desirable shades, suitable for hats or fancy stocks; regular selling price from 15c. to 18c. Thursday for 10c. a yard.

Another Jewelry Sale. 9C. Articles.

Brooches, with jewel settings and Enameled Watch Pins, Waist Sets, in turquoise and amethyst settings; Cuff Buttons, enameled and jewel settings; Boa Chains Waist Pin Sets, in gold, with turquoise; Silver Friendship Hearts, Belt Pins, Col-lege Pins, Link Bracelets and Lorgnette Chains, gold and silver, with pearl and turquoise settings-choice for 9c

25c. Veilings, 9c. yd. 18-inch Veilings, Tuxedo meshes—black and white, with chenille spots—plain and fancy meshes—brown, navy, white and plain black—9c. yard.

Over a Thousand

PASTEUR

Are in Use in D. C.

-which is wonderful evidence of its

merits. The "Pasteur" is indorsed by

all the most eminent scientists of the

world as the only absolutely germ-proof

With Potomac water in the condition

\$5.55 up

Chas. R. Edmonston.

1205 Pa. Avenue.

FRREFERERERERERE

NOTICE—Our cures are in Washington, not 1,000 miles away. Cures include Captain A. M. Austin, Emory D. Lothrop (Boston House), Dr. H. Bullen,

The Phospha Alta Medical Co.,

DUCRO'S

ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malaria and all kinds of fevers.

Indian Babies.

women of pure Indian blood are rapidly

marrying either white persons or Indians

whose blood is largely mixed with that of

he whites. Then, too, these little copper-

nism, for many of them preserve, to a

known to their fathers, and at the age of

thirteen or fourteen find themselves well

versed in the charms and incantations of

the medicine men and expert in the use of

the scalping knife, but with a lamentable

lack of subjects upon whom to practice

children inherit, in many cases, large sums

from the sale of lands to the government,

or own valuable reservation property, so

that many of them have more suitors than

Penelope. It is only on the reservations of

Indian bables are to be found. There are

tribes there are more than 20,000 children

white blood. They are healthy, fat young-

sters, and, despite their rougs, usage, grow

The republicans of the twelfth Indiana

district have nominated Clarence C. Gil-

hams of Lagrange as a candidate for elec-

up to be strong men and women.

tion to Congress.

their skill. Moreover, these pure-

doubt that in a few years there will be no can be easily overcome, the consul says.

more full-blooded Indians born, as men and by applying to merchants who have not

Rheumatism.

Prepared only by

From the Cosmopolitan.

Few doses relieve, and never fail to cure

Dr. L. S. NICHOLSON, Proprietor,

filter yet invented.

0000000000000 Hoeke's.

After You

Clean house-then you'll want some new covering for the

We're holding a special Carpet and Rug Sale that means a heap below regular

You needn't pay all nowa small deposit will secure your selection and we'll hold here until you are ready to have delivery made. Close prices on upholstery Work if we can do it before the season opens.

Hoeke,

Curse DRINK

White Ribbon Remedy. CAN BE GIVEN IN GLASS OF WATER, TEA OR COFFEE WITHOUT PATIENT'S KNOWLEDGE. White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, "a tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using WHITE RIBBON REMEDY.

Indorsed by members of W. C. T. U Mrs. MOORE, Superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, writes: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and indorse White Ribbon Remedy. Members of our union are delighted to find a practical and economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

work."

Mrs. WEST, President of the Woman's Christian
Temperance Union, states: "I know of so many
people redeemed from the curse of drink by the use
of White Ribbon Remedy that I earnestly request
you to give it a trial." For sale by druggists
everywhere or by mail, \$1.00. Trial package free
by writing or calling on Mrs. A. M. TOWNSEND
(for years secretary of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS. Sold in Washington at Stevens' Pharmacy,

15 cents a can for Best "Model" Ready-mixed Paints—and the paint brush free— a complete outfit for your

Hodgkin's Paint Depot, 7th st.

WATCH REPAIRER. Open or closed-case
Watch Crystals, 10c.
Mainsprings, very
best guaranteed—75c.

Mainsprings, very best guaranteed—75c.
Expert in Swiss and English Watches.
Clocks Called for and Delivered.
Telephone 628-4.
Jewelry Repairing at Lowest Prices.
Eyeglasses repaired while you wait at most reasonable prices.

A. KAHN, 935 F N.W. fe24-26t*.17

BURCHELL'S "SPRING LEAF" TEA. Remarkable for its fine, delicate flavor. 6oc. lb. Will be roc. less when the war tax is taken off.

N. W. BURCHELL. 1325 F ST.

LESSON TO SENTRIES

NEED OF WATCHFULNESS ON PART OF GUARDS.

Gen. Chaffee's Review of a Court-Mar- He Thinks the Proposed Investigation tial Case in the Philippines-Forgetfulness of Duty.

"This case should serve as an object lesson to all soldiers charged with the duties of sentinels or guards over prisoners," states General Chaffee in reviewing several other cases, has been received at the War Department. The case referred to was that of a native named Viernes. who was held by the American forces as a prisoner on a charge of the larceny of a small amount of clothing. Viernes was sent out into the fields near Paniqui, Tarlac province, under the charge of Private John Q. A. Carter, Company L, 12th Infantry, to cut bamboo with a bolo furnished him for that purpose. While so engaged the native suddenly turned on the American and stabbed and cut him to death with the bolo. The native was sentenced to be hanged. Said General Chaffee in reviewing this case: "While some measure of mercy can

be found for any person who kills another having lawful power of holding him in a position of life-long degradation, in order thereby to obtain his liberty; there can, however, be no justification whatever for taking the life of a fellowman merely to hasten the end of a temporary restraint of liberty. * * To accord prisoners any confidence whatever, and especially when armed as was this accused, is not only a most serious breach of discipline deserving severe punishment, but invites danger of death to the unthinking soldier who so forgets his duty. In this instance it is evident that the deceased soldier invited his own destruction by reposing confidence in his armed prisoner. As that prisoner was only to undergo a brief period of imprisonment for a petty offense, it would seem that the deceased could not believe sufficient motive existed for the accused to treacherously assail and murder him. The murder was wanton and savage, and no doubt arises from the evidence that the accused is guilty thereof.' Because Julian Comurio, a native, refused to permit Arcadio Mendoza to marry his daughter, Mendoza, with two Filipino companions, proceeded to the father's house at Bauang. Union province, carried him away to a secluded place in the fields and killed him with bolos and a dagger. Comurio and his two companions were sen-

tenced to be hanged. In another case General Chaffee rebuked a military commission which tried three natives on a charge of murder. Major John C. Dent, 24th Infantry, was prestdent of the commission, and Captain John H. Beacom, 6th Infantry, was its judge

General Chaffee declared that this commission, "against the proper advice and objection of the judge advocate, admitted the testimony of the wives of two of these accused," and said that, aside from "the time and increased expense merely to inwith this incompetent and inherently valueless testimony.'

The natives were members of a band which broke into the house of a Filipino, killed him, and then robbed him of money and jewelry. The commission sentenced them to be confined at hard labor for life, but General Chaffee mitigated this sentence to ten years' imprisonment at hard

APPEAL FOR THE BOERS.

Address by Native Preacher on Concentration Camps in South Africa.

A fashionable audience, composed for the most part of ladies, listened to an able address on the "Concentration Camps of South Africa," by Rev. Herman von Brockhuizern of Pretoria, Transvaal, yesterday afternoon at the Washington Club house. The meeting was arranged by those interested in assisting the Boers-especially in alleviating the suffering among the women and children.

to hear the opinions of different persons on the soldiers making up the Boer army. Some people think it is a mixture of Jews, Dutch, French and negroes, and speak of the native Boers as colored. He denied that the Boers began the war, as is sometheir army into their midst and the natives fought absolutely on the defensive and for

The concentration camps he considers the most atrocious of all the evils of the war, and he urged the women of this country to raise their voices in protest against what he characterized as the "abominable

The speaker read a letter from his mother, who is in South Africa, wherein she stated the English were trying to reach their object by letting the sick in the camps die without medical attention. He said the British war office refused to place the women and children in camps near the coast, where an international committee might provide proper food, but insist on keeping them under guard where

During his address he said: "We Boers are no saints; we are human beings, but we ask for our rights and we ask you to help us in securing them, and as surely as I stand here today I believe the Boers will

"We appeal to you in the name of humanity," he said, "as worthy descendants of Washington and the patriots, to help Le Nard's Uric Acid Solvent us in our similar fight for liberty.' In answer to a question at the close of his remarks. Rev. von Brockhenzern said the death rate in the concentration camps was 450,000 a year. The treasurers of the Boer fund in Washington are Mrs. C. G. Mitchell and Mrs. Josiah Pierce.

> A POSSIBLE MARKET. American Coal Might Find Ready Sale

> > in Smyrna.

"Possibilities for American coal in Smyrna" is the subject upon which United States Consul Lane at Smyrna has made a report to the State Department. He says there are practically no coal mines in Turkey, and that 90 per cent of all the coal used there is imported from England. rope show that American coal is gaining ground in competition with the English product, and the consul says there is no reason why this should not be the case in Turkey. The principal obstacle in the way The present generation of full-blooded In- of introducing American coal in Turkey dian babies is interesting from many points has been the relations of native coal merof view. In the first place, there is no chants with English exporters, but this

hitherto been identified with the coal trade and who can be induced to arrange for sample shipments. The annual consumption of coal in Smyrna and vicinity is about 150,000 tons, brown bables are something of an anachro- the price of which per ton is from \$5.34 to \$5.58. The present favorable freight rates make it possible for American coal producgreat extent, the bringing up and training ers to lay their coal at Smyrna at from 48 to 73 cents under the cost of English coal. and this is considered a sufficient reduction to induce Turkish consumers to give it a

Presidio Hospital Overcrowded. Major General Young, commanding the Department of California, has reported to the Presidio of San Francisco is overcrowdthe far southwest that the curious little ed with patients from the Philippines, and he recommends the transfer to other hospinow among the twenty tribes only 3,000 tals of such of the cases as can be moved full-blooded Indian children. In these same with safety, in order to make provision for with safety, in order to make provision for additional cases on their way from the through whose veins courses a strain of Philippines.

> Qualified for Promotion. Commander Henry B. Mansfield and Lieut. Commander W. A. Marshall have been reported to the Navy Department as qualified for promotion to the next higher

THE INDIAN SCHOOLS

FORMER INSPECTOR McCONNELL REPLIES TO MR. FLINN.

by Congress Should Be Made.

The interview with Superintendent John Flinn of the Indian school at Chamberlain, S. D., denying the charges contained in a resolution recently introduced in the Sena court-martial case in the Philippines, ate that Indian schools are conducted in the record of which, along with those of a loose and improper manner, and defending the government's methods of dealing with Indian children in general and teachers of Indian pupils in particular, has attracted considerable attention. Former United States Senator W. J. McConnell of Idaho, who was also an Indian inspector, is among those who take exceptions to Mr. Flinn's statements.

"Mr. Flinn, like all other school superintendents in the Indian service, is an underling of the Indian office, and upon his loyalty to the commissioner of Indian affairs depends his tenure as well as the salary he receives," Mr. McConnell said today. "If servile he may reasonably expect promotion; if independent and manly he may expect demotion or dismissal. Why is Mr. Flinn absent from his post of duty? He is the superintendent of a school now in session or supposed to be. Was he brought here to be interviewed and advise the President? Is it expected that the investigation proposed in both branches of Congress can be checked in its incipiency by such publications?

The Proposed Investigation.

"Is there any valid reason why the in-

"But Mr. Flinn would hardly say that Dr. and Fort Totten school, stated that which was not true when he officially reported in school were affected with contagious dis-

Secretary of the Interior, in part said:

as pupils sick with pulmonary tuberculosis. office, in part says. "Let it therefore be distinctly understood

that we must not (not that we should not) estation of tuberculosis to enter a govrnment school. We exercise such precautions with regard to such infectious diseases as smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc., why not this other more common, more dangerous and more deadly disease? Is such a discrimination consistent? Is it honorable? Is it right? Clearly, then, we cannot take such a case into our schools. "At most of the reservation Indian chools we compel the attendance of pupils whether their parents are willing or not. Then, is it not a terrible reflection upon our civilization, upon our Christianity, when it cannot be successfully contradict ed is that we take those innocent children from their parents and subject them to such a terrible risk of losing their lives?"

Not the Fault of Congress.

That the foregoing conditions exist cannot be successfully denied, but the fault is quate means to keep the diseased pupils entirely separate from the healthy ones, as is stated by Mr. Flinn. Neither Congress nor the country has heretofore had this matter called to its attention

on this subject, stated in his last annual bribery, partly by cajolery and partly by of miles to non-reservation schools, and admitted that their lives were failures after returning to their homes. Yet he, too, adises a compulsory education law that this "Mr. Flinn, in speaking of compelling the ttendance of Indian pupils, endeavors to

ants of many of our states have compul schools, but not at boarding schools, 'some ease children are placed in the same room othes are washed in the same laundry.

perintendent who condones these offenses on the ground that sometimes white girls go wrong and white persons also die of consumption. I repeat, let us have an investigation not only of the schools and agencles, but of the methods of the Indian

At the request of the War Department

manded the order for the removal of its Reports from the larger markets of Eulight house board as an aid to navigation was discontinued on the 1st instant, and ing and illuminating the statue. Luchan's Lieutenant Caught.

The War Department officials have been unable to identify the man captured by Lieutenant Pratt of the 1st Infantry at Cagbayan, Samar, last week, except that he was a volunteer, and probably belonged to one of the regiments organized in California. His name is William Dunston, and he served in the sanks of the Filipino insurgents for several months. There was also captured at the same time, and not prelously reported, a native chief named Abukes who is described as having been Lucban's right-hand man in his guerrilla operations in Samar.

Charged With Housebreaking.

amination in the Police Court this morning on a charge of housebreaking, and Judge the War Department that the hospital at Kimball fixed the bond at \$500, until the case is heard by the grand jury. It is alleged that Lucas entered the store of William Young on Elvin avenue, Hillsdale, several nights ago, and made off with a lot of groceries, valued at \$10. Lucas, it is said, was formerly proprietor of the store, but sold out several months ago. He was arrested last night by mounted Policeman McCormick, who recovered the groceries alleged to have been taken.

Albert Eugene Curdy, fellow in romance and languages in the Johns Hopkins Uni-versity, has just been appointed instructor in French in Yale University.

Mattings. Heavy Quality Double-warp China Mattings, in a fine range of this season's newest effects, including popular bright colorings. Every yard is fresh and new. Heavy, close-woven kind. Bargain Thursday for.....

Corsets.

Corsets of French Coutil and Batiste, in long, medium and short. Top and bottom trimmed with lace. Correct straight-front style. In white, pink, blue, drab and black. Sizes 18 to 26. Bargain Thurs- 49C.

Rousing Values for Bargain Thursday.

You know the special effort we make every Thursday to bring better than regular values. It is aptly termed Bargain Thursday-because the values offered are the biggest and best this wide-awake retailing can gather. Tomorrow a matchless assemblage of splendid opportunities for money saving greets you. Offerings that no other store can meet with equally low prices for equally high values.

25c. Flowers.

Muslin Wear.

50c. Dresses.

Children's new Spring Dresses of Percale, in neat checks and

stripes. Made with large ruffles over shoulders, trimmed with lace.

Box - pleated waist. Sizes 4 to 14 years. Bargain Thursday for

Infants' Slips.

Infants' Long Cambric Silps, with ruffles around neck and sleeves, Box pleat down front. Bargain 15C.

\$2 Shoes.

8 styles of Ladies' Shoes, in Kidskin and Patent Leather; Vici

tips; Patent Leather with kid and cloth tops. Extension or light-weight soles, Regular \$2.00 value.

Bargain Thursday \$1.43

25c. Neckwear.

Ladies' latest style Turn-over Collars, embroidered in various contrasting colors, including pink, light blue, &c.

Regular 25 c. value. Bargain Thursday for.... 12 /2C.

50c. Belts.

19c. Linings.

25 pieces of Persian Silk, war-ranted fast black, with rich, high-ly lustrous finish. Regular 19c.

value. Bargain Thursday 121/2C.

29c. Aprons. Children's White India Linen Aprons, made with bibs and bre-telles over shoulders. Trimmed with embroidery and lace. Deep

ments, consisting of Embroidery-trimmed Gowns, Skirts, Chemise,

vestigation proposed in Senate resolution 125 should not be made? If the schools in the Indian service are what is claimed for them by Mr. Flinn will not the reputations of the superintendents thereof be benefited instead of being damaged? The little school over which Mr. Flinn presides as superintendent has a capacity of only seventy-five, and in the statistics issued by the Indian bureau in 1899 was reported to have an enrollment of sixty-three, with an average attendance of sixty-two. This does not show a crowded condition, and it is to be presumed that his school is a good

Kermott, the agency physician at Devil's Lake agency, a Christian gentleman, who is a leader in church work at the agency February, 1900, that approximately 10 per cent of the pupils at Fort Totten Indian

"I addressed a letter to him officially on May 1, 1901, asking him whether the situation had been remedied, and his reply was that conditions were about the same, adding that 'It is like a guilded tomb.' The doctor in charge at the Indian school, Puyallup Washington, in an official report, April 16, 1901, which I transmitted to the "There are now two male and four female pupils sick at this school with lymphatic tuberculesis. These pupils, as well

consider a serious menace to the health and lives of the other pupils and employes. "Dr. Buchanon, in an official report made to me and now on file in the Secretary's

"In regard to transferring Indian pupils

system may be promoted. be facetious and says: 'The white inhabitsory school laws. Poor things; how far behind the times they are!' This is a glaring subterfuge. There is no such law on the statute Looks of any state as the one asked for by the Indian bureau. Many states compel the attendance of pupils at day times thousands of miles away,' where diswith the healthy ones; often made to sleep in the same beds, while their linen and bed "Let the investigation go on. Let the country know whether Mr. Roberts, the Episcopal missionary at Shoshone reservation, is a myth; whether what he says is

"Yet it seems there is at least one su-

Electric Light on Liberty.

the Secretary of the Treasury has counterelectric light plant from the statue of Liberty on Bedloe's Island, New York harbor. until the War Department can make its own arrangements for lighting and caring board of army officers, of which Major A. C. Taylor is president, is now considering the question of the best means of preserv-

agent of the association. Mr. Tucker, who is the secretary of the

Alphonzo Lucas, colored, waived an ex-

therefore available for appropriation by the board of estimate for a further develop-ment of the public bath system. Mr. Tucker remarked, however, that 175,000 was inadequate for any considerable

\$7.50 and \$10.00 Skirts.

Walking and Dress Skirts, in the most approved styles of spring. Materials are of every correct sort -in black, Oxford, light gray, bluet, navy and castor, with trimmings of taffeta bands, satin bands; some with corded flounces and others with two and three ruffle flounces. Some are corded all over, and others are tucked all over, while another style has fancy silk and satin bands; and some have folds and cording on both flounce and skirt. Values worth \$7.50, \$8.00 \$4.08 and \$10.00. Tomorrow at.....

Misses' Coats up to \$16.98.

Choice of any Misses' Raglan, Automobile and Box Coat in the house, sold up to \$16.98-goes for \$4.98 tomorrow! Just 40 of \$4.98 them. Yes, we mean it. We need \$4.98 say nothing more. Choice for say nothing more. Choice for....

Men's 50c & 75c Shirts, 121/2C from the Fire Underwriters'

Sale of the Salvage Shirt Stock. Bargain Thursday we will offer 482 Men's Shirts-the "Monticello" brand-in Percale and Madras. Some with collars and cuffs attached; others with separate cuffs. These received a wetting and are soiled in consequence. But what do you care for that-when you can get 50c. and 75c. Shirts for 121/2 cents?

10-yard Pieces Birdeye.

18-inch Sanitary Cotton Birdeve, soft, absorbent kind. Put up in sealed packages of 10 yards each. Only one package to each customer, at.....

29c. Mercerized Linings.

Ten pieces of Beautiful Mercerized Italian Cloth-full 36 inches wide. Extra high luster and permanent finish. The ideal lining skirt materialsuperior to silk because of its durableness. Regular 20c. quality for one

Notions and Findings.

Regular 121/2c. and 15c. Double Nainsook and Stockinet Dress Shields, 8c. pair—Regular 5c. Assorted Book Pins, 2c. paper—60-inch Tape Measures, with metal ends, for 1 cent—Usual 15c. "Lenox" Shell Hair Pins for 9c. dozen-3c. King's 200-yard Spool Cotton for 13/4c.—5c. large wood Cabinet of 40 Hair Pins for 2c.—"The Vogue" Canvas Collar Form, new V-shape for 5c. Spring Suits.

Ladies' newest style Suits of Broadcloth, Venetian and Cheviot. Taffeta band trimmings—jackets lined with taffeta silk. Newest cut skirts, Colors are blue, brown, castor and black. Bargain \$11.98

12½c. Draperies Yard-wide Curtain Swiss, in fine assortment of new spring designs and Figured Art Denims.

Regular 12½c. qualities. Bargain 734C.

Child's Hose. Children's Warranted Stainless Black Stockings, strong thread and

Good school hose.
Bargain Thursday 534C 8c. Handkerchiefs

Choice of a score different styles Including Ladies Embrohlered, Lace Edge, Initial, Scalloped, Mourning Border, Fancy Border and Men's Japonette Handkerchlefs with silk in-itials. Regular 8c. values. Bargain 334C.

25c. Collars. Ladles' Point Applique Ecru Sallor Collars, in open-work ef-fects. Our regular price is 25c.

and every other store gets 50c. for them. Bargain Thursday for

39c. Dress Goods Choice of 40-inch Canvas Suit ing, dust and waterproof; 38-inch Satin-face Figured Soliels; 38-inch Sulting, in black with Hairline stripe of white, and 38-inch mohair, in plain colors,

8c. Nainsook.

Regular 30c. qualities. Bargain Thursday for. 25c.

Chinaware.

Sc. Plates for 4c. 10c. Plates for 5c 12c. Plates for 6c. 79c. Soup Tureens, 49c. Butter Dishes, 11/2c. 6 Cups and 6 Saucers, 39c. 10c. Soup Plates, 5c. 15c. Pitchers, 10c. 59c. Vegetable Dishes, 35c.

121/2c. Sheer India Linen.

40-inch Very Sheer White India Linen, luster finish. The quality which retails at $0^{1/2}$ C. yard regularly. For Bargain $0^{1/2}$ C. Thursday at....

Yard-wide Percales. Two hundred pieces of Full Yard-wide Percales in newest styles are here—in the popular pink and blue stripe effects. Offered as a = 2/ specially "good thing" for Bargain 504 C. Thursday at.....

Shirting Prints. 200 pieces of Shirting Prints, fast colors. In a good variety of desirable checks, 378C.

59c. Black Imperial Serge.

Bargain Thursday, at.....

Bargain Thursday at

and Beadings, from 2 to 4 inches

wide, in cambric and Swiss, and in a

10 pieces of Strictly All-wool French Imperial Serges or Surah Serges, as you wish—the popular fabric for black skirts. Dust and water-proof. Non-crushable. Extra wide —45 inches. Regular 59c. value for 39C.

Stamped Linen Collars.

Two hundred dozen Ladies' Stamped Linen Turn-over Collars, all ready for working. In white and grass linen. Bargain Thurs- 5C.

day for..... An Embroidery Bargain. Just in from a leading importer-several hundred pieces of dainty new styles in Embroideries

bewildering assortment of the newest bewildering assortment of the newest and most attractive patterns and ef-\$ fects. Worth 8c. yard. Tomorrow at

Regular 59c. Silk Chiffon.

All-silk Chiffon and Mousseline de Soie, 42 inches wide-in just the very colors that are it highest favor, including light blue, pink, red, yellow, white and black, etc. Regular price, 59c. yard. For one 39c.

Black Dress Silks. 21-inch Genuine Lyons-dye Black Peau de Soie, strictly all silk. Soft, deep satin luster, noncrushable and rich finish. Its regal beauty will command the admiration of every woman. We lower the price 69C for one day to.....

Extraordinary Ribbon Snap. Five hundred cartons of All-silk Satin Liberty Ribbons, which measures full 31/2 inches wide. Plenty of scarce shades, including white, light blue, pink, maize, black, cardinal, cream, etc. These Ribbons were never known to sell for less than 29c. a yard. Yet tomorrow, because of our bargain buying, you get

Regular 8c. and 10c. Laces. Choice of popular styles, including Point de Paris, Torchon and Medici Laces, in Match Sets-

both inserting and edgings. A great variety of pretty patterns. Widths up to 4 inches. Bargain Thursday.... A Special Towel Bargain. 200 dozen Turkish Towels, full bleached; fin-

ished with fringed ends; soft, heavy nap. For Bargain Thursday at the 334C. low price of.....

Men's Hose Very Cheap.

200 dozen pairs of Men's Fast Black Seamless Hose; good strong thread. All sizes. Just 50° for Bargain Thursday we'll lower the 50°.

lot and another on a twenty-five-foot lot. stations, and the Rivington street bath was Estimates will be given of the cost of conplanned as the first of this system of pubstruction and maintenance, and a certain lic baths. The bath was opened to the publie on March 29, 1901.

From the Chicago News. In the high school in Stoux City, Iowa.

Shakespeare and Catholicism.

The Catholic familiar with the theology,

FOR MORE PUBLIC BATHS. New York Association for Improvement of the Poor's Condition. From the New York Tribune.

A special report on the subject of free baths in this city is being prepared, and will be submitted to President Cantor early next week by a committee of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor. The member's of the committee are John S. Ward, jr., Constant A. Andrews, Robert S. Minturn, Percy R. Pyne, William W. Hoppin, Eugene Delane, Leonard E. Opdycke and Frank Tucker, general

committee, told a Tribune reporter yesterday in the United Charities building that under a law of 1895, providing for a system of public baths and comfort stations, the city was authorized to issue bonds in the amount of \$200,000 to carry out the provistons of the act. Of that sum \$125,000 had been appropriated and spent as follows: For the Rivington street bath, \$100,000, and for the two public comfort stations in City Hall Park \$25,000. The sum of \$75,000 was

levelopment of the public bath system. The committee will report to President Cantor certain findings, showing the demand for public baths and presenting two sets of plans, one for a beth building on a fifty-feet

number of sites will be indicated by the committee where, in their judgment, public baths ought to be situated. The report, in brief, will be a comprehensive statement on the subject of public baths, and in the course of its preparation members of the committee have made investigations not only in this city but in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Boston has a public bath owned by the city; Baltimore has two. Philadelphia has one public bath owned by a private association. Chicago has four public baths owned by the city and Buffalo has two The New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor in 1852 spent

\$42,000 in building a public bath for the

benefit of the working people in Mott street near Grand street. For eight years it was well patronized, and was then discontinued for lack of patronage. No attempt was made until 1891, either by the public authorities or private bodies, to provide bathing facilities for people of small means forced to live in tenement houses. In that year, however, the association built the People's Baths at No. 9 Center Market place, at a cost of \$28,000. They became at once a great popular success. There was large increase every year in the number of baths taken, until in the year ending September 30, 1900, 131,000 baths were taken by men, women and children in the city. Mayor Strong, in July, 1895, appointed commission to investigate the question o

Other free baths in New York, open all the year round, not maintained by the city, are the baths in the University Settlement building, in Rivington street; the baths of the Riverside Association, at No. 59 West 69th street, and the baths in the New Settlement House at 50th street and 10th ave-

Hot Lunch for Pupils.

the school board has undertaken what is proving to be a very successful experiment in serving hot lunch to the pupils at cheap prices. A lunch room has been fitted up. and there the pupils can purchase many hot dishes at low prices. Everything is sold for checks, which can be obtained in lots of 10 and 23 cents' worth. Much time is saved in this way, and it is possible to serve ninety boys and girls in ten minutes.

From the Mount Angel Magasine.

liturgy and symbolism of the church will find Shakespeare never at fault regarding Catholic forms and usages. The same canpublic baths, and after an exhaustive investigation the commission advocated the establishment of a system of public baths to be maintained by the city. Legislation was obtained in 1806 authorizing the city to apend \$200,000 on public baths and comfort makes the ghost give us in Hamlet.